



An Evolution















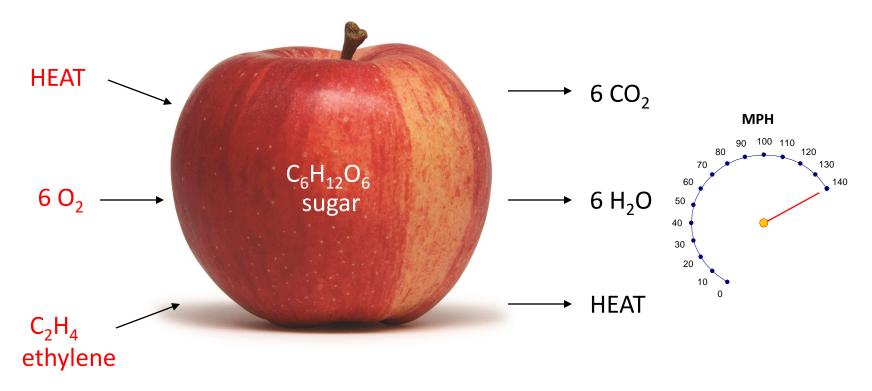






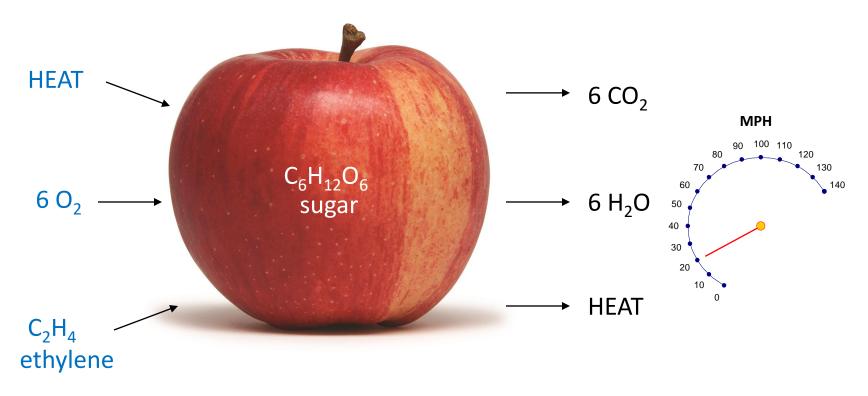


Heat, Oxygen & Ethylene All Accelerate Ripening



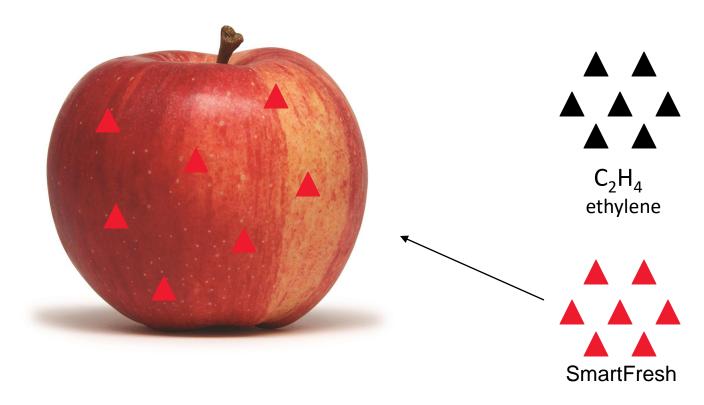
Respiration converts oxygen and sugar to carbon dioxide and water. Ethylene triggers the reaction, and heat speeds it up.

To Slow Ripening: Reduce Heat, Oxygen & Ethylene



Refrigeration reduces heat. CA storage reduces oxygen and manages CO2 exhaust. SmartFresh technology blocks ethylene.

How Does SmartFresh Technology Work?

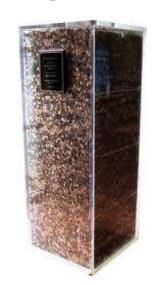


SmartFresh outcompetes ethylene for its receptor sites and disables them so ethylene can't trigger ripening or scald.

1ppm – One part per million

1 million pennies...

is about the size of a refrigerator



or a stack 1 mile high

or, stacked side-by-side, a line 12 miles long...

and SmartFresh would be the ONLY wheat penny





SmartFreshsM vs. Harvista[™]

- SmartFresh is released in a sealed environment
- SmartFresh is nearly 100% effective in storage
- Both products feature 1-mcp as the active
- Harvista is released in an open environment
- Harvista requires modified application equipment
- The rate of 1-mcp is higher
- Tree architecture is very inconsistent from grower to grower, even block to block





Moving 1-mcp to the Orchard

- Stable formulation
- Install Equipment Updates
- Train and Calibrate
- Learn and Improve





2012 R & D Sprayer

• Used to apply AF2005



AgroFresh



First Commercial Sprayer 2013





2014 Sprayer

SmartFresh[™] an AgroFresh solution

• Converted late season to apply AF701





2015 Sprayer

SmartFresh™ an AgroFresh solution

• Injection System Added to Apply AF701





2016 Sprayer w/Cartridges

SmartFresh[™] an AgroFresh solution

• AF701





2017 Sprayer

an AgroFresh solution

SmartFresh[™]

• Harvista 1.3SC





2018 Grower Kits

SmartFresh™ an AgroFresh solution

• 26 Different Models, 162 Machines





Harvista sprayer kits

- Includes ingredient tank, mixing pump, hardware and plumbing
- Universal for all sprayer makes and models
- AgroFresh supplies installation and calibration
- Cost of kits \$2,000-\$3,000 depending on make and model
- No mark-up
- Rover sprayers available in some locations







Over the row spray applications?





Harvista Performance

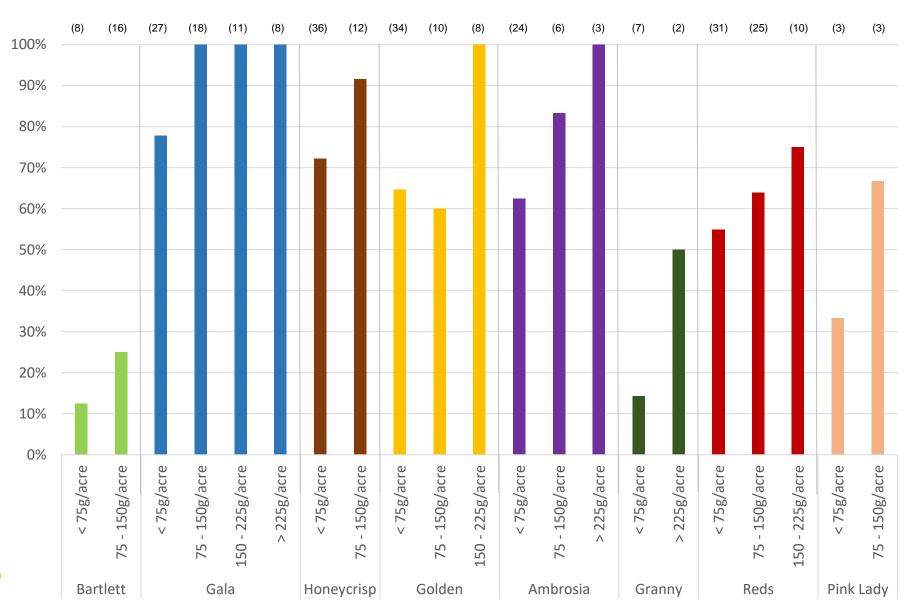
- Rate
- Timing
- Application method



Is 60g/acre enough for all cases? (2014 and 2015)



% Success (Firmness and/or Starch at Harvest)







Efficacy is rate dependent







Harvista Performance

- Rate
- Timing
- Application method





McIntosh results

- Superior drop control
- Firmness retention
- Apply at 3.0-4.0 Starch







Gala

- Harvest management, apply at 1.5 starch, multiple applications
- Color, size development
- Reduces stem cracking, shoulder browning, maturity related storage disorders
- Fruit being picked in the heat --- esp. where night temperatures DO NOT drop (below 70°F?): starch index will accelerate, respiration control is vital
- The more fruit with a high starch index the more likely for those Gala's to develop Shoulder Browning



Harvista Impact on Gala Color



Four Gala blocks: Commercial vs. 7 day dely harvests

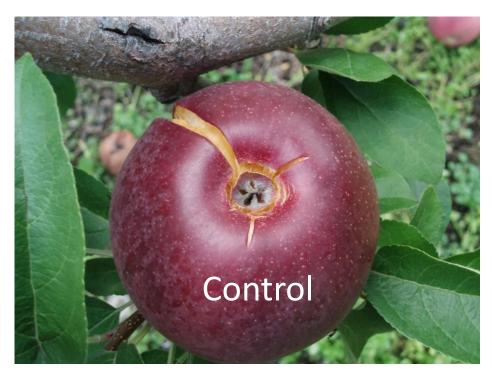
Under color	US	Select	X Fancy	Premium
	Min 15% blush	Min 25% blush	Min 50% blush	Min 75% blush

			% Color Di		
Control	1.0	1.7	13.5	42.9	40.9
Harvista	1.2	2.0	9.4	35.5	51.9
	+0.2	+0.3	-4.1	-7.4	+11.0





Cracking









Honeycrisp

- Harvest Management, delays starch hydrolysis
- Drop Control, ethylene management
- Reduces Peel Greasiness
- Acid Retention
- Soft Scald Suppression
- Condenses pickings
- Apply at 4.0-6.0 starch
- First pick vs. second pick



HarvistaTM Honeycrisp

13 DAA – First Pick

- Starch conversion
- Control 4.7, Harvista[™] 3.5



20 DAA – 2nd Pick Control

- Starch conversion
- Control 5.9, Harvista[™] 4.4





Honey Crisp, Soft Scald









Fuji and Red Delicious, water core







Harvista Performance

- Rate
- Timing
- Application method









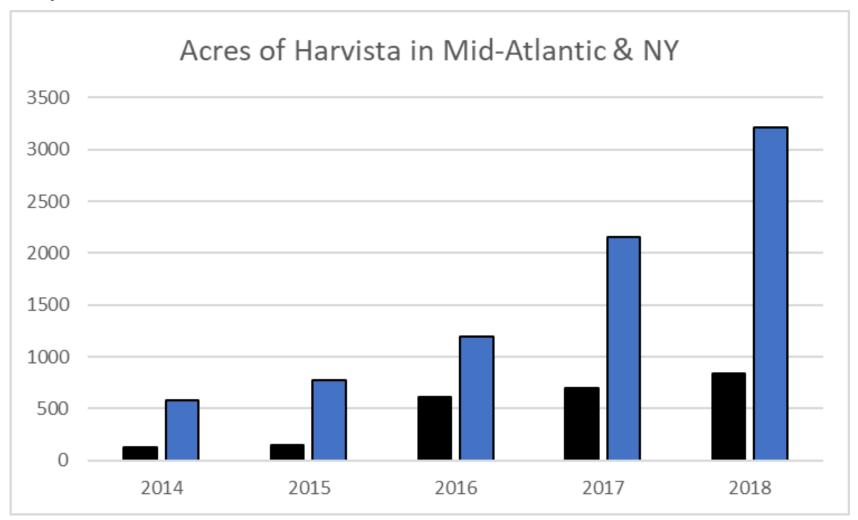


Fuel costs for orchard spraying

- Fuel costs are a big part of your spray bill
- Costs of fuel (\$2.75 is the most recent price for farm diesel)
- Travel Speed (ranges from 2 mph. to 4.5 mph.)
 - .5 gal. fuel per acre. x \$2.75 per gal. = \$1.37 per acre
 - \$1.37 x 12 sprays = \$16.44 per acre
 - 300 acres x \$16.44 per acre = \$4,932.00 for fuel only
- Spraying without the additional power needed to move air could significantly reduce the overall spray bill
- Add to this the potential for savings based on increased efficacy, perhaps even reduced rates and trips over the orchard



Adoption rate in acres, New York







Harvista Reference Guide

